Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific research



Course syllabus

Department of ...MLT

College of Health Technical

University of Erbil polytechnic university

Subject: Advanced Laboratory Techniques

Course Book – (3rd year)

Lecturer's name : Dr shler qasim and hataw jalal

Academic Year: 2022/2023

1. Course name	Advanced Laboratory Techniques
2. Lecturer name	Dr.shler.qasim hussien and
3. Department/ College	MLT
4. Contact	e-mail: shler.hussien@epu.edu.iq
5. Time (in hours) per	Theory: 2
week	Practical: 3
6. Office hours	Availability of the lecturer to the student during the week 8hr.
7. Course code	LET503
8. Keywords	Diagnostic tools, Medical Checkups, MLT department.
9. Course overview:	

The overall goal

ىتەئار سەدىزر ھىرى اى ئالان ئىش خىبەن امائم و ىر قر ج Directorate of Quality Assurance and Accreditation

Teaching this course aims to help the student to accomplish various techniques related to advanced pathological analyses th of study and that are related to various specialized topics.

10-Course objectives:

The following affective objectives pertain to the classroom and clinical components:

1. Demonstrate professionalism by complying with the attendance policy and complying with the dress code as we

2. Demonstrate enthusiasm and interest in the profession of thickening by asking questions, participating in class on needed.

3. Demonstrate initiative by reviewing objectives and completion of reading assignments prior to class.

4. Demonstrate progression in laboratory skills by effective organization, coordination of multiple tasks and insight

5. Participate in activities to encourage an ongoing involvement in professional development.

11.Student's obligation

- Attendance is compulsory
- Students must be prepared for quiz anytime during the lecture
- Seminar presentation about specimen preparation and analysis
- Report writing about certain given topics

.....

12. Forms of teaching . Power point and data show White board Microscope, culture techniques and other common medical lab tools Visiting governmental and private hospitals to get familiar with various lab devices

13. Assessment scheme

Type of examination	Marks
Theory	10
Practical	20
Seminar, report, quiz and other activities	30

ىتەرار ھبەوبېر ھب ىىمايانلان نىش خەبەنامىم و ىرۆج Directorate of Quality Assurance and Accreditation

Final practical	20
Final theory exa.	20
Total marks	100

14. Student learning outcome:

At the end of academic year, the student should be familiar with the following techniques:

- 1- Advanced tests in the field of lab with different body specimen, such as spinal fluid and spinal fluid analysis
- 2- Diagnostic immunological examinations such as a single immuno-proliferation test to diagnose complemen serum and various bodily fluids.
- 3- Immunofluorescence assays and their applications in diagnostic microscopy and immunology.
- 4- Educational tests using radioactive materials
- 5- Various tests for immunological electric migration (electrophoresis) and its modifications.
- 6- Cellular immune checks such as phagocytosis, lymphatic transformation, and others.
- 7- Techniques related to the preparation of chemical immunomodulatory by separation or preparation metho

15. Course Reading List and References:

- 1. Specimen Collection and Transport for Microbiological Investigation (WHO Regional Publications, Eastern Mec Mediterranean (1995).
- 2. Manual of basic technique for a health laboratory (WHO, 2003).
- 3. Practical Immunology by Frank C. Hay, and Olwyn M.R. Westwood (2002)
- 4. Guide to Lab and diagnostic tests by Tracey B. Hopkins (2005)

17. The Topics:

Theory syllabus

Practical Topics	Week
Lab Induction	1
Examination of urine	2

ىت منار مبدوير هد ى مادند ن ش خدمام مر مر مر و مرد ج Directorate of Quality Assurance and Accreditation

Examination of stool	3
Examination of stool	4
Semen Analysis	5
Phlebotomy	6
Examination of sputum	7
Helicobacter test	8
Glucose & HbA1c tests	8
Immunology Part: Agglutination test	9
Electrophoresis	10
Cell and tissue culture	11
Haematology Part: Common blood tests techniques,	12
ELISA	13

Type of	E	
question	х	
Multiple choice	Which of the below answer is not correct?1-The medical laboratory services play an essential	10 Marks al role in
	a. Monitoring the development and spread of infe- organisms),	
	b. Deciding effective control measures against maj	•
	c. Deciding health priorities and allocating resourc	es.
	d. None of the above is correct	
	2- Without Reliable Laboratory Services:	
	a. The source of a disease cannot be identified cor	rectly.
	b. Patients are more likely to receive the best	
	possible care. c. Resistance to essential drugs may	
	not not develop.	
	3- Doctors use laboratory tests to help:	
	a. Identify changes in your health condition before	e any
	symptoms occur. b. Diagnose a disease or conditio	on even
	before you have symptoms	
	c. Educate patients in order to practice	
Short		

Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific research

ľ	viinistry of figi	ner Education and Scientific research	
	Matching pairs	Match the following statements in the column A with the definitions in the column B:	
	Definition and explain	A. How many separate random stool specimens are recommended and why? B. What media are used for Routine Stool Culture and why the solid type should be selective?	_
-	Quiz		
		ی مو مزورج ادزب ڵ هو ام ی wk has to be reviewed and signed by a peer. The peer approves the contents of your course book by writing few se n who has enough knowledge about the subject you are teaching, he/she has to be a professor, assistant professor هج و کای هشوو تای سورت را من های ی کان دوان و مکاهسروک یو و ژاو را مساهل تاکم.	r, a lecturer
		es and function of each unit	
	al laboratory		
Examin	nation of urine	e (GUE)	
Stool e	xamination(C	ISE)	
- Methe	ods of Cultiva	tion and identification of Bacteriological specimen	
	l fluid analys		
	atography		
Polyme	erase Chain Re	eaction (PCR)	
Gel -El	ectrophoresis	5	
Cell Fra	ictionation: E	xtraction, Homogenization and Centrifugation	
ELISA			