Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific research





(Structural Steel Design) Course Catalogue

2023-2024

College	Erbil Technology College		
Department	Construction and Materials Technology Eng.		
Module Name	Structural Steel Design		
Module Code	SSD473		
Semester	7		
Credit	7		
Module type	Prerequisite 🕒 Cor	e Assist.	
Weekly hours	4		
Weekly hours (Theory)	(4)hr Class	(189) hr Workload	
Weekly hours (Practical)	()hr Class	() hr Workload	
Lecturer (Theory)			
E-Mail	Saad.essa@epu.edu.iq		
Lecturer (Practical)			
Email	Saad.essa@epu.edu.iq		

Course Book

Course overview:

Structural Steel is one of the most popular materials for construction of buildings, bridges, and other structures. This class is about studying properties of steel, behavior of structural steel elements, and design procedures for these elements to withstand structural loads. Both Allowable Stress Design (ASD) and Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) will be introduced to the students and will be used throughout the class. Tension members, compression members, flexural members, and finally members subject to combined bending and axial load will be studied. In addition, simple and eccentric steel connections will be discussed.

Course objective:

SSD473 is an introductory course in the reinforced steel structures. This course is recommended for fourth students in the Construction and Materials Engineering Dept. at Erbil Technology College who are interested in learning the design of steel structures. The objectives of this course are:

- 1. To learn the behavior and design of structural steel components, for example, members and connections in two dimensional (2D) truss, and frame structures.
- 2. To gain an educational and comprehensive experience in the design of simple steel structures.

Student's obligation

The student should attend the class so as to practice the software, absent student will lose activity marks, he/she must draw different drawings as a homework whenever required.

Forms of teaching

The form of teaching will be through using data show and white board for explanation, students will follow steps to use specific commands in the software to draw any sketch or model.

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Assessment scheme		
Breakdown of overall assessment and examinat	ion	
Quiz (4 Quiz):4% Ho	me Work (5 Home Work): 14%	,
Reports& Seminar (5 Reports):10%		
	d-Term :30%	
Pre-Final:60 m		
Final: 40 m		
Student learning outcome: This course contributes to the Construction and	l Materials Engneering student	outcomes by
developing:		
(1) an ability to identify, formulate, and solve	e complex engineering problem	ns by applying
principles of engineering, science, and mathema	tics.	
(2) an ability to apply engineering design to produce solutions that meet specified needs with		
consideration of public health, safety, and	welfare, as well as global,	cultural, social,
environmental, and economic factors.		
(3) The students will understand the behavior of	of steel elements under structura	l loading.
(4) Will be familiar with AISC-LRFD steel design procedures.		
(5) Will be able to design primary steel structural elements of a building and their connections.		
Course Reading List and References:		
• STEEL DESIGN, William T. Seg	ui, Cengage Learning, 5	th Edition,
2013.		
• Manual of Steel Construction, 13th Edition, American Institute of		
Steel Construction, 2005 (BRING TO EVERY CLASS).		
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The Topics:		Lecturer's name

Practical Topics (If there is any)

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Chapter 1.	
Introduction to Steel Design	Week 1
Chapter 2.	
(1) <u>Specifications, Loads, and Methods of Design</u>	Week 2
Chapter 3	
Analysis of Tension Members	
	Week 5,6
Chapter 4:	
Design of Tension Members	Week 4
<u>Chapter 5:</u>	
Introduction to Axially Loaded Compression Members	Week 5
Chapter 6:	
Design of Axially Loaded Compression Members	
	Week 6
Chapter 7:	
Design of Axially Loaded Compression Members (continued)	Week 7
Chapter 8:	
	Week 8
Introduction to Beams	

Chapter 9: Design of Beams for Moment Wee Design of Beams – Miscellaneous Topics (Shear, Deflection) Wee	
Wee Chapter 10: Design of Beams – Miscellaneous Topics (Shear, Deflection)	
Design of Beams – Miscellaneous Topics (Shear, Deflection)	k 10
Design of Beams – Miscellaneous Topics (Shear, Deflection)	k 10
	k 10
Chapter 11:	
Bending and Axial Force Wee	k 11
Chapter 12:	
Bolted Connections In this section, the students learn:	
(1) The behavior and various possible failure modes for bolted connections	
(2) To calculate the shear strength, bearing strength, and minimum edge	
distance and spacing requirements for bolted connection Wee	k 12
(3) To design a bolted connection and gusset plate for given design forces	
(4) The behavior of a slip-critical connection and how to calculate the slip-	
strength of a fully tensioned bolted connection.	
(5) To design a slip-critical bolted splice connection for a tension member.	

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Chapter 13:	
Daltad Connections (continued)	
Bolted Connections (continued)	Week 13
	Week 13
<u>Chapter 14:</u>	
Welded Connections	
In this section, the students learn:	
(1) Different types of welding procedures, welds, and welded connection	Week 14
(2) To calculate the shear strength of a fillet weld considering weld and base	
metal strength	
To design a fillet welded connection considering issues such as minimum weld size, maximum weld size, etc.	
19. Examinations:	I

Example 6.1

Design of Axially Loaded Compression Members

Using $F_y = 50$ ksi, select the lightest W14 available for the service column loads $P_D = 130$ k and $P_L = 210$ k. KL = 10 ft.

Solution

LRFD	ASD
$P_u = (1.2)(130 \text{ k}) + (1.6)(210 \text{ k}) = 492 \text{ k}$	$P_a = 130 \text{ k} + 210 \text{ k} = 340 \text{ k}$
Assume $\frac{KL}{r} = 50$	Assume $\frac{KL}{r} = 50$
Using $F_y = 50$ ksi steel	Using $F_y = 50$ ksi steel
$\phi_c F_{cr}$ from AISC Table 4-22 = 37.5 ksi	$\frac{F_{cr}}{\Omega_c} = 24.9 \text{ ksi (AISC Table 4-22)}$
A Reqd = $\frac{P_u}{\phi_c F_{cr}} = \frac{492 \text{ k}}{37.5 \text{ ksi}} = 13.12 \text{ in}^2$	$A \text{ Reqd} = \frac{P_a}{F_{cr}/\Omega} = \frac{340 \text{ k}}{24.9 \text{ ksi}} = 13.65 \text{ in}^2$
Try W14 × 48 ($A = 14.1 \text{ in}^2$, $r_x = 5.85 \text{ in}$, $r_y = 1.91 \text{ in}$)	Try W14 × 48 ($A = 14.1 \text{ in}^2$, $r_x = 5.85 \text{ in}$, $r_y = 1.91 \text{ in}$)
$\left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)_{y} = \frac{(12 \text{ in/ft})(10 \text{ ft})}{1.91 \text{ in}} = 62.83$ $\phi_{c}F_{cr} = 33.75 \text{ ksi from AISC Table 4-22}$	$\left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)_y = \frac{(12 \text{ in/ft})(10 \text{ ft})}{1.91 \text{ in}} = 62.83$
$\phi_c P_n = (33.75 \text{ ks})(14.1 \text{ in}^2)$ = 476 k < 492 k N.G.	$\frac{F_{cr}}{\Omega_c}$ = 22.43 ksi from AISC Table 4-22
Try next larger section W14 \times 53 ($A = 15.6 \text{ in}^2$, $r_y = 1.92 \text{ in}$)	$\frac{P_n}{\Omega_c} = (22.43 \text{ ksi})(14.1 \text{ in}^2) = 316 \text{ k} < 340 \text{ k N.G.}$
$\left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)_y = \frac{(12 \text{ in/ft})(10 \text{ ft})}{1.92 \text{ in}} = 62.5$	Try next larger section W14 \times 53 ($A = 15.6 \text{ in}^2, r_y = 1.92 \text{ in}$)
$\phi_c F_{cr} = 33.85$ ksi	$\left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)_{y} = \frac{(12 \text{ in/ft})(10 \text{ ft})}{1.92 \text{ in}} = 62.5$
$\phi_c P_n = (33.85 \text{ ksi})(15.6 \text{ in}^2)$	$\frac{F_{cr}}{\Omega_c} = 22.5 \text{ ksi}$
= 528 k > 492 k OK	$\frac{P_n}{\Omega_c} = (22.5 \text{ ksi})(15.6 \text{ in}^2) = 351 \text{ k} > 340 \text{ k OK}$
Use W14 \times 53.	Use W14 \times 53.

Directorate of Quality Assurance and Accreditation

20. Extra notes:	
21. Peer review	