

## Kurdistan Region Government Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research Erbil Polytechnic University



## Module (Course Syllabus) Catalogue 2022-2023

| College/ Institute       | Shaqlawa technical co      | ollage                   |  |  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Department               | Medical laboratory technic |                          |  |  |
| <b>Module Name</b>       | Clinical chemistry         | Clinical chemistry       |  |  |
| Module Code              | CLC301                     | 7                        |  |  |
| Degree                   | Technical Diploma x        | Bachler High             |  |  |
|                          | Diploma ster               | hD                       |  |  |
| Semester                 | Third                      |                          |  |  |
| Qualification            | Master degree              |                          |  |  |
| Scientific Title         | Assistant lecture          |                          |  |  |
| ECTS (Credits)           | 6                          |                          |  |  |
| Module type              | Prerequisite Cor           | e Assist.                |  |  |
| Weekly hours             |                            |                          |  |  |
| Weekly hours             | ( 2 )hr Class              | ( 28 )Total hrs Workload |  |  |
| (Theory)                 |                            |                          |  |  |
| Weekly hours             | ( 2 )hr Class              | ( 84 )Total hrs Workload |  |  |
| (Practical)              |                            |                          |  |  |
| Number of Weeks          | 14                         |                          |  |  |
| <b>Lecturer (Theory)</b> | Razhan salah othman        |                          |  |  |
| E-Mail & Mobile          | razhansalah@epu.ed         | u.iq                     |  |  |
| NO.                      | 07504907751                |                          |  |  |
| Lecturer                 | Mr.Omer and Mr.Ran         | nazan                    |  |  |
| (Practical)              |                            |                          |  |  |
| E-Mail & Mobile          |                            |                          |  |  |
| NO.                      |                            |                          |  |  |

| Websites | https://moodle.epu.edu.iq/user/profile.php?id=44 |
|----------|--|
|          | 7  |

## **Course Book**

| Course Description             | Clinical chemistry: (also known as clinical biochemistry or chemical pathology) is the study of chemical and biochemical mechanisms of the body in relation to disease, mostly through the analysis of body fluids such as blood or urine.  Clinical chemists use a wide range of analytical techniques for example, molecular diagnostics, measurement of enzyme activities, spectrophotometry, electrophoresis, the separation of molecules based on physical characteristics and immunoassays The work involves manual techniques for which the biomedical scientist develops complex practical and interpretive skills. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Course objectives              | The goal of the course:  a) Provide appropriate and effective consultation (b) Render decisions based on data (c) Render diagnostic interpretational considering clinical implications (d) Provide advice about diagnostic interpretations (e) Explain diagnostic tests or procedures (f) Provide advice about influence of preanalytic variables (g) Provide information about disease-screening methods (h) Use information systems to improve clinical interpretations and transmit information  |
| Student's obligation           | Attendance in the all lectures.  · Several quizzes and assignment.  · Attendance at midterm and final Exams in end of the course.  Attendance on electronic application (zoom, module)  |
| Required Learning<br>Materials | . Lecture halls Using data show, white board and PowerPoint, computer ,zoom and module application laboratory. · data show , clinical tests kit ,chemical instruments ,safety materials   |

|                            | Task   |                | Weight<br>(Marks) | Due<br>Week | Relevant<br>Learning<br>Outcome |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
|                            | Paper Review   |                |                   |             |                                 |
|                            | A  | Homework       | 5%                |             |                                 |
|                            | S  | Class Activity | 2%                |             |                                 |
|                            | s<br>i   | Report         | 2.5%              |             |                                 |
|                            | g  | Seminar        | 2.5%              |             |                                 |
|                            | n  | Essay          | 2.5%              |             |                                 |
| El4:                       | m  | Project        | 2.5%              |             |                                 |
| Evaluation                 | e  |                |                   |             |                                 |
|                            | n<br>t   |                |                   |             |                                 |
|                            | S  |                |                   |             |                                 |
|                            |  |                |                   |             |                                 |
|                            | Quiz   |                | 8%                |             |                                 |
|                            | Lab.   |                | 10%               |             |                                 |
|                            | Midterm Exam   |                | 25%               |             |                                 |
|                            | Fin  | al Exam        | 40%               |             |                                 |
|                            | Total  |                | 100%              |             |                                 |
| Specific learning outcome: | Upon graduation from the program, students will be able to demonstrate:  1. competency to perform a full range of testing in the contemporary medical laboratory encompassing pre-analytical, analytical, and post-analytical components of laboratory services, including hematology, chemistry, microbiology, urinalysis, body fluids, molecular diagnostics, phlebotomy, and immunohematology  2. proficiency to problem-solve, troubleshoot, and interpret results, and use statistical approaches when evaluating data  3. professional conduct, respecting the feelings and needs of others, protecting the confidence of patient information, and not allowing personal concerns and biases to interfere with the welfare of patients  4. administrative skills consistent with philosophies of quality assurance, continuous quality improvement, laboratory education, fiscal resource management, and appropriate composure under stressful conditions  5. application of safety and governmental regulations and standards as applied to medical laboratory practice  6. effective communication skill to ensure accurate and appropriate information transfer. |                |                   |             |                                 |

|                           | <b>Key references</b> : clinical chemistry (principles, procedures, correlation) <b>by</b> Michael L.Bishop and larry schoef 5 <sup>th</sup> edition 2005. |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Course References:</b> | Organic chemistry 6 <sup>th</sup> edition , by Morrison and Boyd-  |  |
|                           | • <u>Useful references:</u> practical general chemistry for medical technology students.   |  |
|                           |  |  |
|                           |  |  |

| Course topics (Theory)   | Week | Learning<br>Outcome |
|--|------|---------------------|
|  |      |                     |
| -Define and history about clinical chemistry, components of                                | 1    |                     |
| blood and functions in the body , collection of blood                                      |      |                     |
| ,anticoagulants .  |      |                     |
| -Carbohydrates .classification , stereoisomer, monosaccharide ,                            | 2    |                     |
| di and polysaccharide  |      |                     |
| -Chemical properties of carbohydrates, metabolism of glucose, regulation of carbohydrates. | 2    |                     |
| -Diabetic disease, types ,normal range and treatment for each                              | 3    |                     |
| type   |      |                     |
| Types of glucose in the urine (glucose urea), and testes for detect                        | 4    |                     |
| it   | 5    |                     |
| -Lipids , types of lipid ,distribution in humans body .                                    | 6    |                     |
| -Metabolism of lipids-show in movie.   | 7    |                     |
| -Cholesterol, HDL, LDL ,functions  | 8    |                     |
| -General lipoproteins structure, disease of lipids(lipemia).                               | 9    |                     |
| Increasing lipid in the body and effect of fatty acid in the                               | 10   |                     |
| stomach  | 11   |                     |
| -Proteins , general character, synthesis, classification.                                  | 12   |                     |
| -Protein metabolisms in healthy human and patient .  | 13   |                     |
| -Total protein abnormalities   | 14   |                     |
| -Protein in the urine(protein urea)  |      |                     |
| method of analysis, determination protein of blood.  |      |                     |
| Enzymes, general properties, definition, Classification and                                |      |                     |
| nomenclature   |      |                     |
| Enzyme of clinical significant, functions, enzymes effective                               |      |                     |

| change.   |          |                     |
|---|----------|---------------------|
| Practical Topics  | Week     | Learning<br>Outcome |
| practicing of blood drawing ,and find with select suitable vein .               | 1        |                     |
| glucose determination in blood sample   | 2        |                     |
| glucose determination in urine sample   | 3        |                     |
| determination of glucose by glucose meter                                       | 3        |                     |
| determination of total cholesterol  | 4        |                     |
| determination of tryglyceride   | 5        |                     |
| determination of LDL and HDL  | 6        |                     |
| proteins: specification of total protein ,albumin ,glubulin ,in serum of blood. | 7        |                     |
| proteins: specification of billirubin in blood (direct and indirect) method.    | 8        |                     |
| enzymes: spesification of active amylase in blood .                             | 9        |                     |
| enzymes:spesification of active amylase in                                      | 10       |                     |
| urine .   | 11       |                     |
| spesification of active ALP in urine .  | 12<br>13 |                     |
| spesification of active ALP in blood .  | 14       |                     |
| spesification of active ACP in urine  |          |                     |

## **Questions Example Design**

| -Composi | tiona |  |
|----------|-------|--|
|----------|-------|--|

Q/What are electrolyte?

SOL:

Chemically, electrolytes are substances that become ions in solution and acquire the capacity to conduct electricity.

Q/How can treatment of hypo and hypernateremia ?explain Sol:

**Treatment** 

Treatment is directed  $\Box$ 

At correction of the underlying condition that coused the water depletion or sodium retention .The maximum rate should be 0.5mmol/L per hour.

| 2- True or false type of exams:  |
|--|
| Q/write the letter Tand F infront of sentences ,if false correct without changing underling words.     |
| A- <u>Insulin</u> and <u>glucagon</u> are <u>hormones</u> secreted by islet cells within the pancreas. |
| B- The female sex hormone estrogen tends to decrease HDL.  |
| Sol:   |
| A-T  |
| B-F The female sex hormone estrogen tends to arise <u>HDL</u> .  |
|  |
|  |
| 3-Multiple Choices:  |
| Q/A 3 year old is admitted with gastroenteritis and dehydration. His serum sodium is 167 mEq/L. Once   |
| he is hemodynamically stable, fluid management should be focused on providing:                         |
| 1-Glucose  |
| Free water-2   |
| 3-Sodium   |
| 4-Potassium  |
| 2- is the correct answer. Hypernatremia is a total body free water deficit rather than an excess of    |
| sodium   |
|  |
|  |
| Extra notes:   |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| External Evaluator   |
| LACCITIAL EVALUATOR  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |

