

Kurdistan Region Government Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research Erbil Polytechnic University



Module (Course Syllabus) Catalogue

2023-2024

College/ Institute	Soran Technical Co	ollege
Department	Midwifery- Morni	ng
Module Name	Pharmacology	
Module Code		
Degree	Technical Diploma	Bachler
	High Diploma	Master PhD
Semester	4 th semester	
Qualification	Diploma	
Scientific Title		
ECTS (Credits)		
Module type	Prerequisite	Core Assist.
Weekly hours		
Weekly hours (Theory)	(2) hr Class	()Total hrs Workload
Weekly hours (Practical)	() hr Class	()Total hrs Workload
Number of Weeks	12	
Lecturer (Theory)	Kareem Jamal Har	nad
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Lecturer (Practical)		
E-Mail & Mobile NO.		
Websites		

Course Book

Course Description	This course is the branch of pharmaceutical sciences that is designed to help and teach students drug names, classify drug categories, describe the mode of action of drugs, and their metabolism and potential harmful effects. It studies how different chemicals affect biological systems.			
Course objectives	 A primary objective of Pharmacology is to provide core fundamental information about the use of pharmacological agents. At the end of the course, students will be able to: Define common terms related to pharmacology and drug therapy. Discuss relevant historical, legal, and ethical issues related to pharmacology. Describe the basic facts of drugs (name, classification, preparation, uses) Describe phases of drug action in the body Describe physiological processes, that occur during the pharmacokinetic phase Discuss various types of responses that individuals may have to drugs. Describe factors that affect an individual's response to drugs. 			
Student's obligation	 Students' roles and obligations for the academic year include: Class attendance Daily assessment Completion of exams Reports and preparing seminars related to subject topics 			
Required Learning Materials	Throughout the academic course, the lecturer tries to encourage and motivate students to actively participate via lectures, group discussions, group work, role play, and case-based learning using available technological resources that provide excellent feedback such as data shows, whiteboards, posters, and handouts.			
	Task	Weight (Marks)	Due Week	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Homework	10%		
	Class Activity	2%		
Evaluation	Assignments Report Seminar	16%		
	Quiz	8%		
	Midterm Theory Exam	24%		
	Final Theory Exam	% 40		
	Total	% 100		

Directorate of Quality Assurance and Accreditation

بەر يو هبەر ايەتى دڭنيايى جۆرى و متمانەبەخشىن

Specific learning outcome:	 Throughout the academic course lecturer was concerned with integrating basic principles of pharmacology (receptor mechanisms, drug distribution, metabolism, pharmacokinetics, interactions of drugs and biological systems) with students' professional skills that promote students' knowledge in providing scientific health care and essentials of disease therapy in a variety of community-based health care delivery settings. Specific learning outcomes are: Identify the essential principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics Apply pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetic principles that describe drug actions within the human body Classify the specific major classes of drugs, the risks and benefits of each class, effects and adverse effects of each group. Identify the role and responsibilities of nurses in drug therapy. 		
Course References:	 Student's pharmacology manual prepared by lecture Roach.S (2011). Pharmacology for health care procession Al-said R (2008). Pharmacology for nurses Rang HP, Ritter JM, Flower RJ, Henderson G "Rate Pharmacology" 8th edition, 2014. 	fessionals	°s
Course topics (Theory)	Week	Learning Outcome
1. Introduction to F	harmacology		
2. Drug action within the body			
3. Pharmacodynam	ic		
4. Drugs affecting	the respiratory system		
5. Drugs used in pa	in management		
6. Sedative and hyp	onotic drugs		
7. Drugs affect the gastrointestinal (GI) system			
	rugs (Sulfonamides- Penicillin- Cephalosporin)		
9. Anti-infective dr Aminoglycosides)	ugs (Tetracycline- Macrolides- Fluoroquinolones-		
10. Anti-tuberculos			
	sis drugs, Antiviral Drugs, Antifungal Drugs		

12. Drugs used in Heart failure and Arrhythmia	
13. Drugs used in hypertension and hyperlipidemia	
14. Drugs that affect the Blood and Drugs used in Anemia	
15. Diuretics and urinary system drugs	
16. The Nervous System \ Pharmacology of the autonomic nervous system	
17. The Sympathetic Nervous System	
18. Fluids and Electrolytes	
19. Psychiatric drugs	
20. Antipsychotic Drugs (neuroleptic)	
21. Anti-diabetic Drugs	
22. Topical Drugs used in skin disorders	
23. Thyroid and Antithyroid Drugs	
24. Hormones	

Questions Example Design

Type of questions	Example
Definition	Define pharmacology?
Compositional	Classify anti-hypertensive drugs by one example for each group?
Multiple choice	Drugs may have more than one: a) Chemical name b) Trade name c) Generic name d) None of them
Short answer	Count 4 items of anti-acids from the proton pump inhibitor group?

Extra notes:

External Evaluator