



(Pharmacology-II) Course Catalogue

2023-2024

College/ Institute	Shaqlawa Technical College	
Department	Veterinary	
Module Name	Pharmacology-II	
Module Code	PHA805	
Semester	8	
Credits	5	
Module type	Prerequisite Core 🗸 Assist.	
Weekly hours	3	
Weekly hours (Theory)	(1)hr Class (3)hr Workload	
Weekly hours (Practical)	(2)hr Class (1)hr Workload	
Lecturer (Theory)	Kamaran Hussein Mohammed	
E-Mail& Mobile NO.	Kamaran.mohammed@epu.edu.iq	
Lecturer (Practical)		
E-Mail & Mobile NO.		

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Course Description	The aim of this course is to provide students with an understanding and knowledge of clinical pharmacology, toxicology and therapeutic. The course particularly covers the mechanisms of various drug actions, the PD/PK principles that are fundamental for the therapeutic uses and safe selection of therapeutic agents in clinical veterinary practice. In addition, students will also gain knowledge of important aspects of toxicology and therapeutics.
Course objectives	 This science deal with drugs and any agents that used to treatment animals. The mechanism of drug action The pharmodynamics of drugs The pharmacokinetics of drugs The toxins and antitoxins The use of plant to treatment
Student's obligation	 1-The student attention in all theoretical and practical lectures in academic year. 2-Completion of all tests. 3-Attendance in exams. 4-Write or prepare reports.
Required Learning	lecture halls with data show equipment for lecture
Materials	presentations, white board, overhead projector, posters
Assessment scheme	 16% Mid Term (Theory and practical) 4% Quiz 40% Assignment (report, paper, homework, seminar) 25% final practical 15% final theory
Specific learning outcome:	 Differentiate indications and characteristics of selected drugs and medicinal substances used in animals. Correctly calculate quantities, dosage rates, mixtures and applications based on patient requirements. Document use of pharmaceutical products to industry

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	 standards. 4. Distinguish among over the counter, prescription and controlled substances. 5. Safely store and dispose of drug products. 6. Determine and dispense correct forms and doses of medication following the direction of the clinician or pharmacist. 7. Communicate necessary client information to maximize safety, compliance with prescribed therapy and successful treatment of the patient. 8. Predict potential toxicity and respond appropriately to simulated toxicological events. 			
Course References:	 Handbook of Veterinary Pharmacology (1stedition) 2008. Fundamentals Of Pharmacology For Veterinary Technicians 2005 Applied Pharmacology For Veterinary Technicians (4th edition) 2009 			
Course topics (Theor	·y)	Week	Learning Outcome	
1- Introduction of pharmacology		1	Student be able to know the dose, indication, side effect and contraindication of drugs	
2- Pharmacology of Digestive system		2	Be able to describe the pharmacology of drugs used as emetics, antiemetics, anti- ulcer agents, laxatives and appetite stimulants	
3- Pharmacology of Nervous system		3	Be able to discuss each group of drugs in terms of its mechanism of action, pharmacokinetics, side effects, toxicity and clinical relevance.	
4- Pharmacology of Cardiovascular system		4	Be able to list the different classes of drugs used in the management of cardiovascular disease and to list examples of drugs within each class.	
5- Pharmacology of Urinary system		5	Be able to list the different classes of diuretic agent and name examples of specific agents in each class. Be able to describe the mechanism of action of each class of diuretic agent.	
6- Pharmacology of system	Reproductive	6	Describe the physiological functions of each component of the hypothalamo-pituitary-	

		gonadal-axis and other reproductive organs. List the main hormones used in veterinary medicine to mimic or suppress functions of the hypothalamus, pituitary, gonads and other reproductive organs.
7- Pharmacology of Skin	7	Be able to list the different classes of drugs used in the management of skin disease and to list examples of drugs within each class.
8- Antimicrobials	8	Know the different classes of antimicrobial agents and be able to name examples of individual agents within each class.
9- Antiprotozoal agents	9	Be able to define the term "coccidiosis" and discuss the various issues surrounding usage of these drugs in terms of development of immunity and prevention of disease.
10- Anthelmintics agents	10	Know the different classes of anthelmintic agents and be able to name examples of individual agents within each class.
11- Pharmacology of Respiratory system	11	Be able to list the classes of drug used in the management of respiratory conditions and to give examples of drugs in each class.
12- Non-steroidal Anti- inflammatory drugs	12	List the main families of NSAIDs and be familiar with examples of each. Describe the mechanisms of action of the NSAIDs.
13- Corticosteroids	13	Be able to describe the systemic, metabolic, inflammatory and immune effects of the corticosteroids.
14- Local anaesthetic agents	14	List examples of commonly used local anaesthetic agents. Be able to describe the ways in which local anaesthetic agents may be used in Veterinary Practice
Practical Topics	Week	Learning Outcome
1-Pharmacy lab	1	Able to list the information that is recommended and legally required when labelling medicines.
2-Weighting and measuring	2	Understand the basic principles of weight and be familiar with the common unites used to measuring.
3-Preparation of eye ointment and drops	3	Able to be know the procedures of eye ointments and drops preparations.
4- lodine stain	4	Able to be know the procedure of iodine

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		stain preparation and it's used.
5-Merchrocrome solution	5	Able to be know the procedure of Merchrocrome preparation and it's used.
6-Potassium permanganate	6	Able to be know the procedure of Potassium permanganate preparation and it's used.
7-Preparation of Sulpher ointment	7	Able to be know the procedure of Sulpher ointment preparation and it's used.
8-Preparation of zinc ointment	8	Able to be know the procedure of zinc ointment preparation and it's used.
9-Preparation of liniments	9	Able to be know the procedure of liniments preparations.
10- Preparation of Emulsion	10	Able to be know the procedure of Emulsion preparations.
11- Fluid Therapy	11	 Understand the basic principles of fluid homeostasis and be familiar with the normal distribution of total body water. Be aware of how fluid loss may occur and realise the significance and likely clinical state of an animal with a certain percentage fluid loss.
12- Medicinal plants	12	Become conversant with a variety of alternative/complementary therapies.
13- Effects and Sites of Action of Different Agonists Drugs (Stimulant or Relaxant) on the Isolated Rabbit Intestine	13	Understand the basic principles of agonist drugs and their effects on smooth muscles.
14- Study of action of drugs on the rabbit's eye	14	Understand the basic principles of miotics and mydriatics drugs.
Questions Example Design Examinations (question design):	<u></u>	
Q1/ A- Write the uses of Tetracycline g	roup	(12 Marks)
a. Respiratory infectionb. Bacterial enteritisc. Urinary tract infectiond. Rickettsial infection		
B- Local application route of drug 1. Intramammry	adminis	tration (12 Marks)

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2. Intravaginal	
3. Intrarectal	
4. Intraarticular	
5. Ophthalmic	
6. Inhalation	
Q2/ Enumerate the followings:	
A- The types of disinfecting agents	(16 Marks)
1- Phenols	
2- Quaternary ammonium compounds	
3- Aldehydes	
4- Ethylene oxide	
5- Alcohols	
6- Halogens	
7- Other agents	
a- Hydrogen peroxide	
b- Soaps	
B- The types of Diuretics	(12 Marks)
1. Thiazides	
2. Loop diuretics	
3. Potassium-sparing diuretics	
4. Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors	
5. Osmotics	
Q3/	
A- Classify the antibiotics according to the mechanism of action	
	(15 Marks)
1. Inhibition of cell wall synthesis	
2. Damage to the cell membrane	
3. Inhibition of protein synthesis	
4. Interference with metabolism	
5. Impairment of nucleic acids	
B- Enumerate 3 drugs that used as Antinematodal drugs	(6 Marks)
1- Thiabendazole	
2- Oxibendazole	

3- Mebendazole	
4- Fenbendazole	
5- Febantel	
6- Levamisole	
7- pyrantel pamoate	
8- Dichlorvos	
9- Piperazine	
10- ivermectin	
11- moxidectin	
C- Enumerate 2 drugs that used as Anticoagulant drugs	(4 Marks)
1- Heparin	
2- EDTA	
3- Coumarin derivatives	
4- Aspirin	
Q4/	
A- Define the following:	
1- Antibacterial drugs	(4 Marks)
Antibacterial: an agent that inhibits bacterial growth or	
bacteria or kills bacteria	1 1
2- Pharmacokinetics	(4 Marks)
Pharmacokinetics: it is meaning the response of the tissue ag	ainst the drugs
3- Drug	(4 Marks)
Drug : it is any agent that be used to treatment sick (abnorma	· · · · · ·
Drug. It is any agent that be used to treatment siek (abnorma	
4- Negative chronotropic drugs	(5 Marks)
Negative chronotropic drugs: decrease heart rate by alterin	ng the rate of impulse
formation at the SA node	
B Write about expectorant drugs and give example	(6 Marks)
B- Write about expectorant drugs and give example	
Expectorants	starial to be soughed up
 Increase the flow of respiratory secretions to allow ma from the lungs 	alerrar to be coughed up
from the lungs	
 Increase the fluidity of mucus 	
Drugs:	
Guaifenesin	

Extra notes:

External Evaluator

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