

Kurdistan Region Government Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research Erbil Polytechnic University



Module (Air Conditioning) Catalogue

2023-2024

College	Erbil Technical Engineering College		
Department	Technical Mechanical and Energy Engineering Department		
Module Name	Air Conditioning		
Module Code	AIC505		
Degree	Technical Diploma Bachler		
	High Diploma 🦳 M	laster PhD	
Semester	5		
Qualification	Ph.D. Degree		
Scientific Title	Lecturer		
ECTS (Credits)	5		
Module type	Prerequisite Co	re 📕 Assist.	
Weekly hours	4 hours		
Weekly hours	(2)hr Class	(27)Total hrs Workload	
(Theory)			
Weekly hours	(2)hr Class	(26)Total hrs Workload	
(Practical)			
Number of Weeks	12 weeks		
Lecturer (Theory)	Dr. Bashir Eskander Kareem		
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Lecturer (Practical)	Deedar Raoof Mohammed		
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Websites	https://academicstaff.epu.edu.iq/faculty/bashir.kareem		

Course Book

Course Description	This co Air Cor designe and saf for stor areas o temper geogra climate mainta conserv reducir air. As conditio	urse covers air condit nditioning (HVAC) rela- ed to regulate the air c ety of occupants or fo- rage of goods. HVAC so of an indoor environ ature, humidity, ven ohic location and build control systems h ined at comfortable vation concerns, build g the level of natural a result, more an oning and distribution	ioning process; He ates to systems th onditions within bu or commercial and ystems condition a ment to create an itilation and air p ling construction, v help ensure that levels year-round. ings are constructed exchange betweed d more buildings systems for manag	ating, Venti nat perform ildings for t industrial pund move air nd maintair ourity. Dep arious types interior s With toda ed to be mu indoor ar rely on ming air.	lating, and processes he comfort rocesses or to desired a desirable ending on of interior paces are y's energy uch tighter, ad outdoor mechanical
Course objectives	Introducing students to the having knowledge about advanced Air conditioning processes. A properly operated Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) system finds the often-delicate balance between optimizing occupant comfort while controlling operating costs. Comfort is an important issue for occupant satisfaction, which can directly affect concentration and productivity. At the same time, controlling these comfort and health parameters directly affects HVAC system operating costs in terms of energy, maintenance and equipment life.				
Student's obligation	 Attendance in the all lectures on time. Several quizzes and home works in each course. Midterm and final exams in end of the course 				
Required Learning Materials	 Lecture halls using data show, white board and PowerPoint and Air conditioning laboratory. Publish all lectures on Moodle platform. 				
		Task	Weight (Marks)	Due Week	Relevant Learning Outcome
	As	Homework	5%		
	signmer	Class Activity	2%		
Evaluation		Report	5%		
	ts	Seminar	5%		
	Quiz		8%		
	Lab. Reports				۲)
	Midterm Exam		25% Theo. (10)+ Pract. (15)		
	Final Exam		40% Theo. (20)+ Pract. (20)		

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	Total	100%				
Specific learning outcome:	 The course will give the fundamental knowledge and practical abilities in the following: [1] Understanding of fundamental knowledge on heat transfer and air conditioning. [2] Understanding and have ability to use psychrometry and air properties. [3] Understanding main processes in Air conditioning systems. [4] Understanding how to prevent condensation on inner surfaces of building. [5] Estimation of heating load. [6] Understanding of solar radiation and its effects on the building. [7] Understanding how to build air conditioning cycles for yearround. [8] Understanding of coil by pass factor and be able to design indoor air condition. [9] Be able to estimate coil and room sensible heat factor. 					
Course References:	 [10] Estimation of cooling load for building. Be able to design evaporative cooling system and achieve thermal comfort. Wang S.K., "Air-conditioning and refrigeration mechanical engineering handbook", 1999. Trott A.R., "refrigeration and air conditioning" 3rd edition, 2000 Fundamental of Thermodynamics by Sonntag, Borgnakke and van Wylen. A publication of The Trane Company—Worldwide Applied Systems Group 					
Course topics (Theory)		N N	Veek	Learni ng Outco me		
Properties of moist air and water vapour mixture		1 st we Sep. 2	ek (14 th 021)	[1]		
Psychrometry and Air mixing [heat and mass balance]		2 nd we Sep. 2	eek (21 st 021)	[2]		
Sensible cooling, sensible heating, humidification and dehumidification		3 rd we Sep. 2	eek (28 th .021)	[3]		
Heat transfer in residential building and condensation on internal surfaces		on 4 th we Oct. 2	eek (5 th 021)	[4]		
Heating load estimation, ventilation and infiltration		5 th we Oct. 2	ek (12 th 021)	[5]		

Cooling load estimation	6 th week (19 th	[10]					
	Oct. 2021)						
Cooling load estimation	7 th week (26 th	[10]					
	Oct. 2021)						
Evaporative cooling process, cooling tower and thermal	8 th week (2 nd	[7]					
comfort	Nov. 2021)						
Midterm Exam							
Applied psychometrics and Sensible heat Factor (SHF)	9 th week (16 th	[7]					
	Nov. 2021)						
Design supply flowrate and condition, and Apparatus dew	10 th week (23 rd	[9]					
point, coil bypass factor	Nov. 2021)						
Practical air conditioning [Summer cycles]	11 th week (30 th	[8]					
	Dec. 2021)						
Practical air conditioning	12 th week (7 th	[11]					
[Winter cycles and all year cycles]]	Dec. 2021)						
Final Exam							
Practical Topics		Learni					
	Week	ng Outco					
	-	me					
Car air conditioning performance	1	1					
Heating and humidification process	2	2					
Cooling and dehumidification process	3	3					

Questions Example Design

Q / A building has a total heating load of 80 kW. The sensible heat factor for the space is 0.8 and the space is to be maintained at 24 db and 40 percent relative humidity. Outdoor air at 5 db and 60 percent relative humidity in the amount of 1000 cfm is required. Air is supplied to the space at 48 db. Dry steam is used to humidify the air. Find (a) the conditions and amount of air supplied to the space, (b) the temperature rise of the air through the furnace, (c) the amount of water vapor required, and (d) the capacity of the furnace. Assume sea-level pressure. (1 m3/s = 2119 cfm).

Solution:





Q2/ What process is required to achieve thermal comfort?

Answer

Air condition processes to achieve thermal comfort are; heating, cooling, humidifying, and dehumidifying process on need.

Extra notes:

External Evaluator

I confirm that the contents of this syllabus are sufficient and cover all the requirements of Air Conditioning subject.

Assist. Prof. Dr. Banipal N. Yaqob 12/9/2023