

(Module Name) Course Catalogue

2022-2023

Institute	Erbil Medical Technical Institute	
Department	Radiology	
Module Name	Radiographical Imaging	
Module Code	RAI401	
Semester	4	
Credit	6	
Module type	Prerequisite	
Weekly hours		
Weekly hours (Theory)	(2)hr Class	(24)hr Workload
Weekly hours (Practical)	(3)hr Class	(36)hr Workload
Lecturer (Theory)		
E-Mail	aza.ismael@epu.edu.iq	
Lecturer (Practical)		
Email		

Course Book

- **Course overview:**

This is a course, which consists of (2) hours theoretical lecture and (2) hours practical lectures per week for (16) weeks, designed to develop the students' ability to introduction to radiographic positing, explain that how deferent radiographic positions are taken. Power point presentations will be prepared on weight board and should be completed during the lectures.

- **Course objective:**

The purpose of this course is to enable the student to gain familiarity with Emphasis is placed upon different body parts how they can take an X-ray what is a basic and additional views with alternative view according to patient condition

At the conclusion of this course the student should be able to demonstrate through written examinations, quizzes, and oral discussion the following achievements:

1. introduction to radiographic terminology
2. Demonstrate and understanding of basic radiographic positions
3. Body Planes, Sections, and Lines
4. Body Surfaces and Parts
5. Common Projection Terms
6. Body Positions
7. Relationship Terms and movements
8. Demonstrate an understanding of different views in different parts of the body.
9. Demonstrating how alternative view to be taken if patient cannot perform standard view.
10. Understanding the conditions that x-ray contraindicated.

<p>- Student's obligation The students should be attendance and complete of all tests, exams and assignments.</p>
<p>- Forms of teaching lecture halls with data show equipment for lecture presentations, white board, overhead projector, films.</p>
<p>- Assessment scheme 10% Mid. Theory exam 15% Mid. practical exam 8% Quiz 2% Class Activity 5% homework 10% seminars and reports 10% Activities and lab reports 20% final practical 20% final theory</p>
<p>Theory: lecture halls with computers equipment for lecture presentations, white board, and data show projector.</p> <p>Laboratory practice:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Radiographic anatomical imaging by viewer or projector.2. Skeletal and anatomical models.3. Possible online anatomical and skeletal tutorials. <p>General: library, computer collection with internet access.</p>
<p>- Course Reading List and References: List those textbooks</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Anatomy for diagnostic imagining by S.P.Ryan. M.M.J. mc Nicholus.2. Radiographic anatomy and positioning Andrea Gautbier and Diane H. Gronefeld. <p>Grays Atlas of anatomy. By Richard L.D.A.wayne vole.</p>

- Course topics (Theory)	Week	Learning Outcome
1. Routine and special projections, Sternum, RAO, and Lateral	1	1
2. Sternoclavicular joints, PA, Anterior obliques	2	2
3. Ribs, Posterior ribs (AP), Anterior ribs (PA), Unilateral rib study (AP/PA), and Axillary ribs (oblique)	3	3
4. Routine and special projections Chest, • PA, Lateral, AP, Lateral decubitus	4	4
5. Routine and special projections Chest, AP lordotic, Anterior oblique, Posterior oblique, Upper Airway, Lateral, and AP	5	5
6. Routine and special projections Abdomen, AP—supine, PA—prone, Lateral decubitus, and AP—erect,	6	6
7. Routine and special projections Abdomen, Dorsal decubitus, Lateral, And Acute abdominal series,	7	7
8. Esophagogram, RAO, Lateral, AP (PA), and LAO	8	8
9. Upper GI series, RAO, PA, right lateral, LPO, and AP	8	9
10. Small bowel series, PA Barium enema, PA or AP, RAO, LAO, and LPO and RPO,	10	10
11. Barium enema, Lateral rectum or ventral decubitus, Right lateral decubitus (AP or PA), Left lateral decubitus (AP or PA), PA (AP) post evacuation, AP or AP axial oblique (LPO), and PA axial or PA axial oblique (RAO)	11	11
12. Routine and special projections, Intravenous (excretory) urography, AP (scout and series), Nephrotomography and nephrography, RPO and LPO, AP postvoid, AP ureteric	12	12

compression, Cystography—AP, LPO, RPO, lateral, and Voiding cystourethrography—female AP, male RPO		
- Practical Topics (If there is any)	Week	Learning Outcome
1. Routine and special projections, Sternum, RAO, and Lateral	1	1
2. Sternoclavicular joints, PA, Anterior obliques	2	2
3. Ribs, Posterior ribs (AP), Anterior ribs (PA), Unilateral rib study (AP/PA), and Axillary ribs (oblique)	3	3
13. Routine and special projections Chest, • PA, Lateral, AP, Lateral decubitus	4	4
4.		
5. Routine and special projections Chest, AP lordotic, Anterior oblique, Posterior oblique, Upper Airway, Lateral, and AP	5	5
6. Routine and special projections Abdomen, AP—supine, PA—prone, Lateral decubitus, and AP—erect,	6	6
7. Routine and special projections Abdomen, Dorsal decubitus, Lateral, And Acute abdominal series,	7	7
8. Esophagogram, RAO, Lateral, AP (PA), and LAO	8	8
9. Upper GI series, RAO, PA, right lateral, LPO, and AP	8	9
10. Small bowel series, PA Barium enema, PA or AP, RAO, LAO, and LPO and RPO,	10	10
11. Barium enema, Lateral rectum or ventral decubitus, Right lateral decubitus (AP or PA), Left lateral decubitus (AP or PA), PA (AP) post evacuation, AP or AP axial oblique (LPO), and PA axial or PA axial oblique (RAO)	11	11
12. Routine and special projections, Intravenous (excretory) urography, AP (scout and series),	12	12

<p>Nephrotomography and nephrography, RPO and LPO, AP postvoid, AP ureteric compression, Cystography—AP, LPO, RPO, lateral, and Voiding cystourethrography—female AP, male RPO</p>		
<p>19. Examinations:</p> <p>1. Compositional: In this type of exam the questions usually start with Explain how, what are the reasons for...? Why...? How....? With their typical answers Examples should be provided</p> <p>2. True or false type of exams:</p> <p>In this type of exam, a short sentence about a specific subject will be provided, and then students will comment on the trueness or falseness of this particular sentence. Examples should be provided</p> <p>3. Multiple choices:</p> <p>In this type of exam there will be a number of phrases next or below a statement, students will match the correct phrase. Examples should be provided.</p>		
<p>- Extra notes:</p> <p>Here the lecturer shall write any note or comment that is not covered in this template and he/she wishes to enrich the course book with his/her valuable remarks.</p>		
<p>- External Evaluator</p>		

